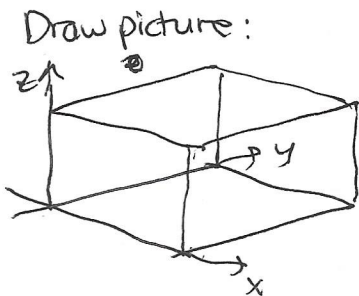


Stewart Calculus 8e, 14.7.53 (Max-Min word problems)

A cardboard box without a lid is to have a volume $V \text{ cm}^3$.
 Find the dimensions that minimizes the amount of cardboard used.
 Let x, y, z be the dimensions of the box. [Report them as well.]
 minimal area



$$V = xyz = \text{constant} \quad (\text{CONSTRAINT})$$

$$A = \underbrace{xy}_{\text{bottom}} + \underbrace{2z(x+y)}_{\text{2 pairs of sides}} \quad (\text{FUNCTION TO BE EXTREMIZED})$$

solve for z : $z = \frac{V}{xy} > 0$

eliminate from A : $A = xy + 2\left(\frac{V}{xy}\right)(x+y)$

2d math problem:

$$A(x,y) = xy + \frac{2V(x+y)}{xy}, \quad x > 0, y > 0,$$

$A \rightarrow \infty$
 as $x \rightarrow 0$ or $y \rightarrow 0$
 $A > 0$

$$0 = A_x = y + 2V \frac{xy(1) - (x+y)y}{x^2y^2} = y - \frac{2Vy^2}{x^2y^2} = y - \frac{2V}{x^2}$$

$$0 = A_y = x + 2V \frac{xy(1) - (x+y)x}{x^2y^2} = x - \frac{2Vx^2}{x^2y^2} = x - \frac{2V}{y^2}$$

$$0 = x - \frac{2V}{y^2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{2V}{y^2}$$

$$z = \frac{V}{(2V)^{1/3}(2V)^{1/3}} = \frac{(2V)}{2(2V)^{2/3}} = \frac{1}{2}(2V)^{1/3}$$

$$y = \frac{2V}{x^2} = \frac{2V}{(2V)^{2/3}} = (2V)^{1/3}$$

$$(x, y, z) = (2V)^{1/3} [1, 1, \frac{1}{2}]$$

sets scale

$$A((2V)^{1/3}, (2V)^{1/3}) = (2V)^{1/3}(2V)^{1/3} + \frac{2V((2V)^{1/3}(2V)^{1/3})}{(2V)^{1/3}(2V)^{1/3}}$$

$$= (2V)^{2/3} + (2V)^{1/3} \cdot 2(2V)^{1/3} = \boxed{3(2V)^{2/3} \text{ cm}^2}$$

If $V = 4000$ $(2V)^{1/3} = (8000)^{1/3} = (20^3)^{1/3} = 20$ so $x = 20, y = 20, z = 10$
 $V = 20 \cdot 20 \cdot 10 = 4000V$

$$A = 3 \cdot 20^2 = \boxed{1200 \text{ cm}^2}$$

The box minimizing the amount of cardboard has equal length and width 20 cm and height 10 cm.