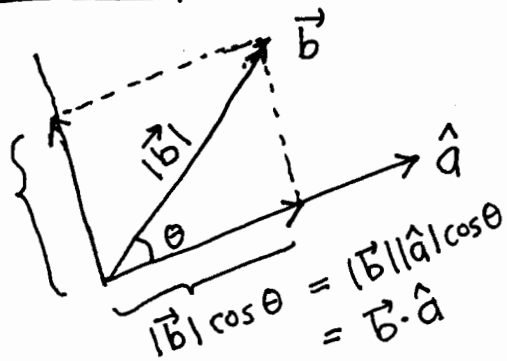


Decomposing a vector with respect to a direction (revisited)

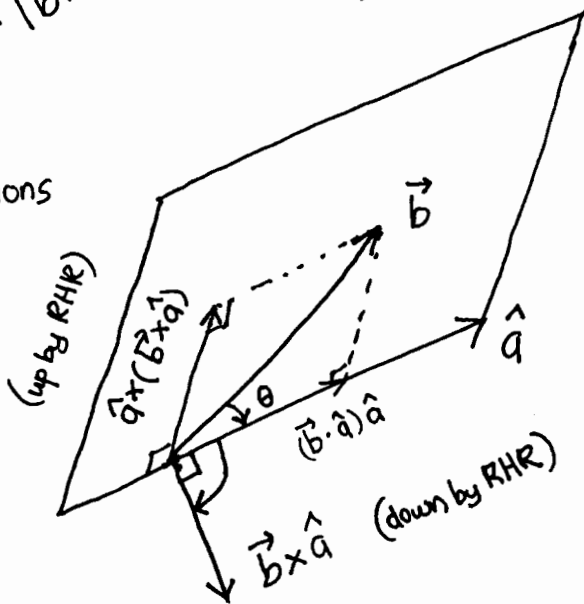
scalar projections

$$\begin{aligned} |\vec{b}| \sin \theta &= |\vec{b}| |\hat{a}| \sin \theta \\ &= |\vec{b} \times \hat{a}| \end{aligned}$$



$$\hat{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \hat{a}) = -\hat{a} \times (\hat{a} \times \vec{b})$$

vector projections



length:

$$\begin{aligned} &|\hat{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \hat{a})| \\ &= |\hat{a}| |\vec{b} \times \hat{a}| \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \\ &= |\vec{b} \times \hat{a}| \end{aligned}$$

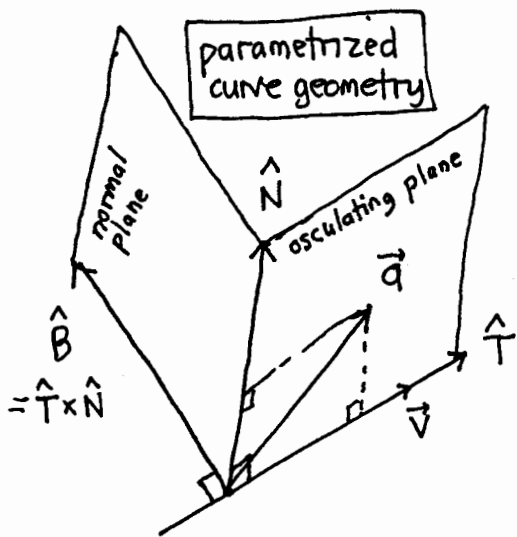
direction:

$$\begin{aligned} &\hat{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \hat{a}) \\ &= \frac{\hat{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \hat{a})}{|\vec{b} \times \hat{a}|} \\ &= \frac{\hat{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \hat{a})}{|\vec{b} \times \hat{a}|} \end{aligned}$$

vector identity: $\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}) \vec{b} - (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}) \vec{c}$

special case: $\hat{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \hat{a}) = (\hat{a} \cdot \hat{a}) \vec{b} - (\hat{a} \cdot \vec{b}) \hat{a}$

$$= \vec{b} - (\vec{b} \cdot \hat{a}) \hat{a} = \underbrace{\vec{b}}_{\text{proj}_{\hat{a}} \vec{b}} = \boxed{\text{orthog}_{\hat{a}} \vec{b} = -\hat{a} \times (\hat{a} \times \vec{b})}$$



$$\hat{B} = \frac{\vec{v} \times \vec{a}}{|\vec{v} \times \vec{a}|} = \frac{\vec{r}' \times \vec{r}''}{|\vec{r}' \times \vec{r}''|} \quad (= \hat{T} \times \hat{N})$$

$$\hat{N} = \hat{B} \times \hat{T}$$

compute \hat{B} (easy)
take cross product to get \hat{N}